



**Meeting:** Community Safety Partnership Board

**Date:** 18<sup>th</sup> January 2017

**Report Title:** Community Safety Strategic Assessment  
Headlines/Draft Police and Crime Plan – Update  
report

**Report of:** Eubert Malcolm, Head of Community Safety and  
Enforcement

**1. Purpose of the report**

- 1.1 To report on the Mayors Office for Police and Crime (MOPAC) London Crime Prevention Fund (LCPF) areas of impact related harm. The report details the strategic links with the Mayors priorities and the draft Community Safety Strategic assessment with proposals to allocate the LCPF over the next two years, pending further development.

**2. State link(s) with Other Plan Priorities and actions and /or other Strategies:**

- 2.1 Addressing the prevention and reduction of crime, the fear of crime, the harm caused by drugs and alcohol; anti-social behaviour and reducing re-offending are priorities in the Corporate Plan and priorities for residents.

**3. Recommendations**

- 3.1 That board members note;
- The allocation of the LCPF two year plan by maintaining the current allocation in year 1 with a reduction of 33% in year 2 covering all areas within the current LCPF allocation.
  - Draft Community Strategic Assessment initial Findings with a focus on violence, vulnerability and exploitation highlighting links to the Mayors priorities

- Time scales to complete the Community Safety Strategic Assessment and Community Safety Strategy.

#### 4. **London Crime Prevention Fund**

- 4.1 There will be a new 4-year fund from 2017 – 2021, awarding a single amount for the full period. The bid process was simplified with short timescales, with the response deadline ending on 23<sup>rd</sup> December. Negotiation will run concurrently with the consultation of the Mayor's new Policing and Crime Plan (Nov-Jan). It is anticipated that MOPAC will overhaul and introduce an enhanced performance management framework.

#### 5. **Mayors Priority areas**

- 5.1 The Mayor has indicated the following priorities;

- Commitment to tackling violence against women and girls– working closely with the public and voluntary organisations on developing better support for victims of sexual and domestic violence
- Helping to prevent and detect crime - Identify the spread of extremism
- Tough knife crime strategy that focuses resources on the city's gangs
- Working closely with local authorities, schools and youth services to develop anti-gang strategies
- Working with community organisations to further youth engagement
- Tougher community payback for those caught with knives
- Improve the experiences of victims of crime
- Zero tolerance approach to hate crime

#### 6. **Summary Areas of concern**

- 6.1 Concerns can be categorised into three main headings – Violence, Vulnerability and Exploitation.
- 6.2 **Confidence levels** - Haringey East and North have some of the lowest overall confidence levels in London, ranked 105<sup>th</sup> and 97<sup>th</sup> out of 108 London core neighbourhoods respectively. In particular, these areas rank poorly for 'Feelings of Safety'
- 6.3 **Violence** - Violence with Injury (non-domestic) has increased by 7.5% in the past year, exceeding the London-wide increase of 4.4%. The largest volume occurs in Northumberland Park, Tottenham Green and Noel Park.
- 6.4 Victims of serious youth violence (SYV) in the past 12-months, has seen an increase of 5%. London has experienced a similar increase over this period. Haringey has the 5<sup>th</sup> highest volume of all London boroughs.
- 6.5 **Exploitation** - Girls with gang links continues to be an emerging, but hidden issue with hidden harms, current knowledge of issue is limited,

with most intelligence being generated following arrests of young girls. A number of individuals have been identified as being at risk of Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) in Haringey in the past 12 months. Haringey contributes to 4% of the London total sexual offences with a child victim.

- 6.6 **Vulnerability** - There has been +12.7% increase in recorded domestic abuse (DA) offences in Haringey. It has been noted that domestic abuse is the most common reason for referral to Early Help in Haringey – potential hidden harm risk to family members.
- 6.7 Limited data exists on 'hidden' strands of domestic abuse, including Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and Honour Based Violence (HBV). London wide data suggests that the Somali community is particularly affected by this issue.
- 6.8 Haringey currently has the 6<sup>th</sup> highest volume of repeat victims of all London boroughs. There have been 318 repeat victims in the past 12 months, representing 13.4% of all victims (London 12.5%). 26.6% of domestic abuse victims in Haringey experienced more than one incident in the past 12 months.

## 7. Way forward

- 7.1 No change to LCPF in Year 1. To utilise year 1 to assess current impact of bids and align with the new Community Safety Strategy and identify cross borough bids in priority areas to recover 33%.
- 7.2 It is proposed that the development and review of the new Community Safety strategy will take place and will be agreed at the Community Safety Partnership in March 2017.

## 8. Proposed Timeline

- **November to December 16** - Consultation and submission to MOPAC regarding year 1 and 2 spend profile.
- **December to Jan 17** - Proposals reviewed and further clarification and assurance expected from MOPAC
- **January 17** – Confirmation of spend profile and grant agreements signed off by MOPAC
- **January 17** - Confirmation by MOPAC of cross bid process
- **January -February** Partnership workshops
- **March** – Proposed presentation on proposals and a joint Community Safety Partnership and Health and Well Being board.